



Linked Data

Semantic Universe Webcast
April 21, 2010
David Wood





2010 Semantic Technology Conference

JUNE 21 - 25 SAN FRANCISCO, CA

Linked Enterprise Data Tutorial

Tuesday, June 22, 2010

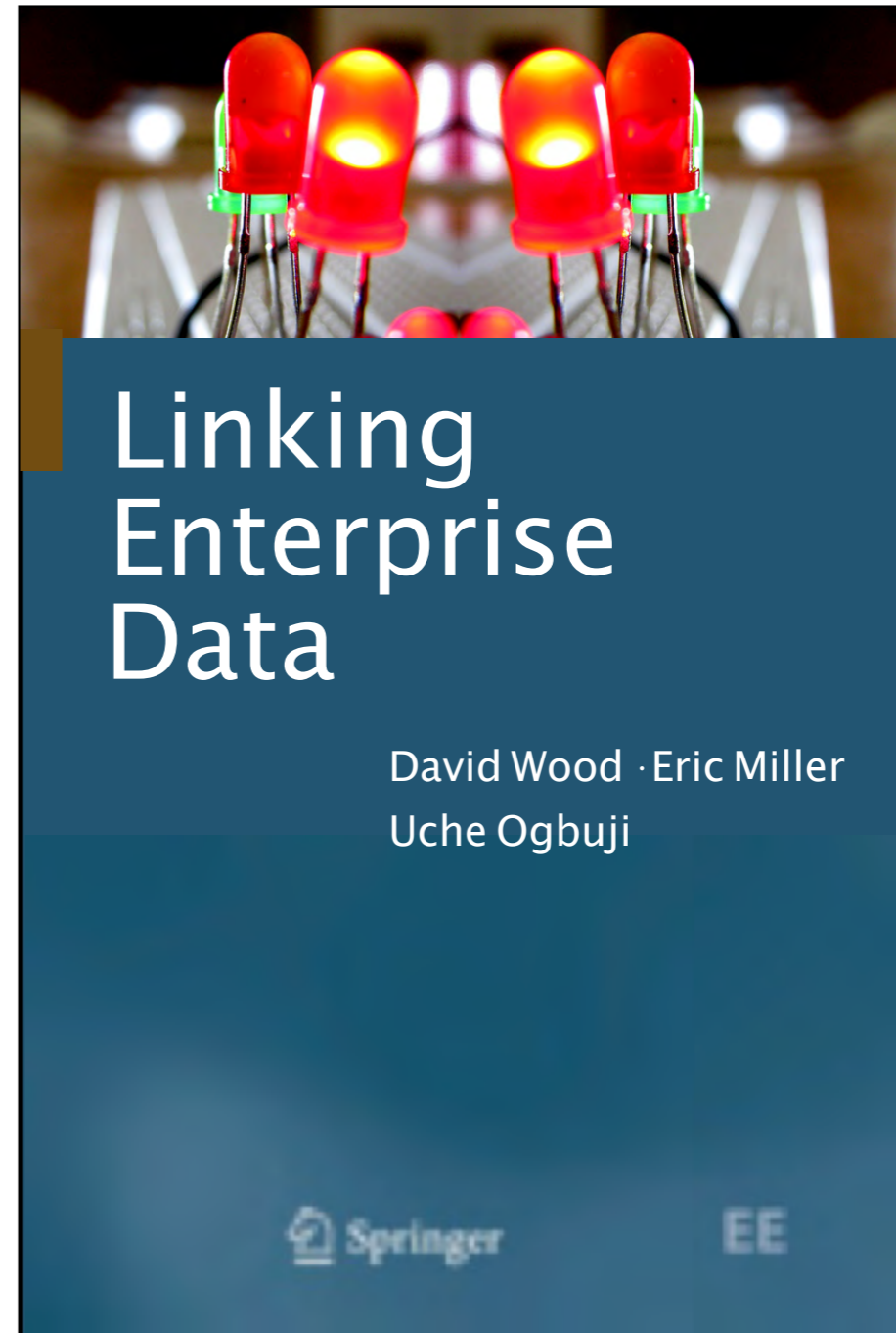
08:30 AM - 12:00 PM

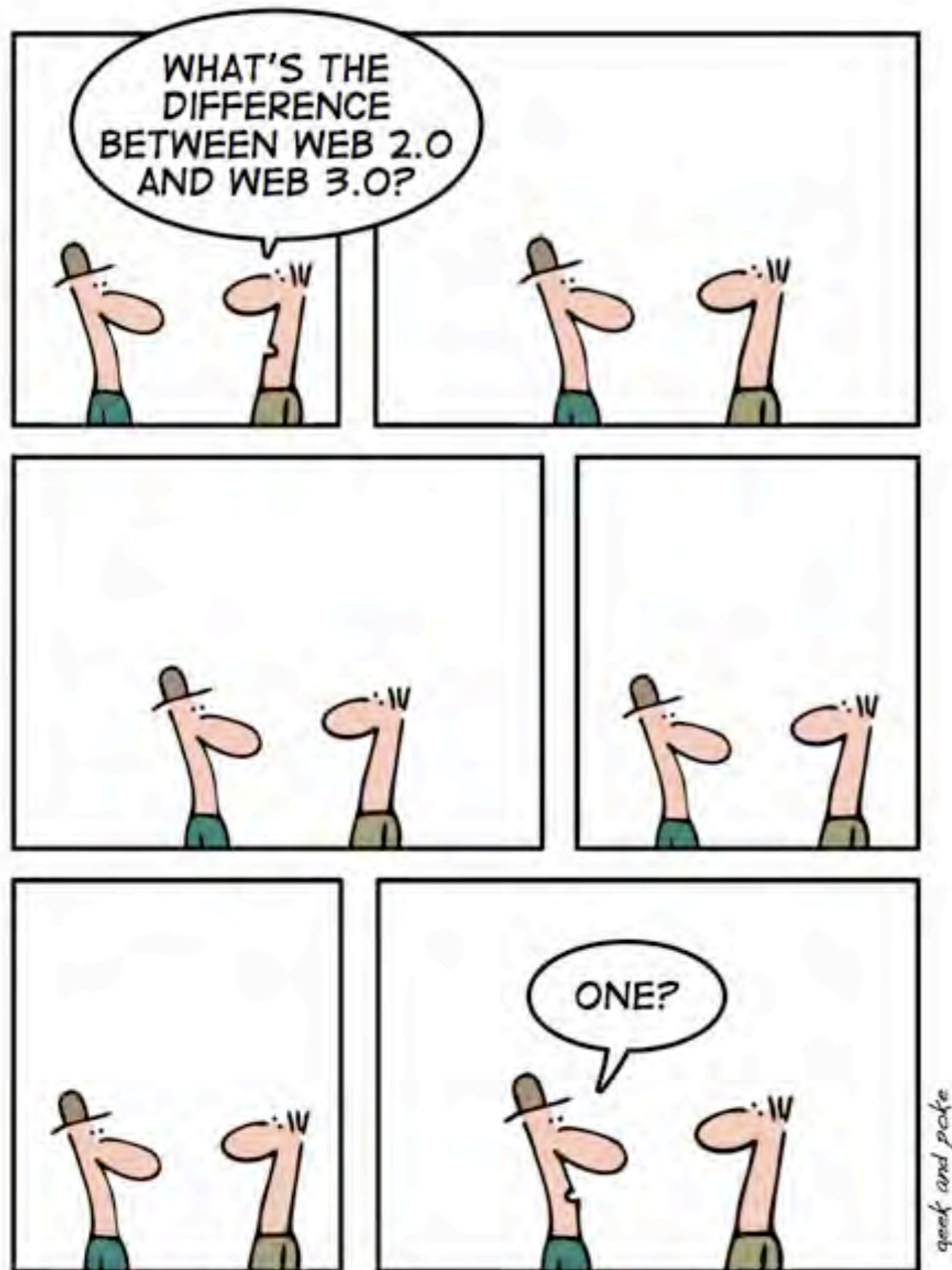
Level: Technical - Introductory

David Wood,
Bernadette Hyland

Springer will be publishing a book of our collected research in early 2011.

Contributions include a dozen detailed case studies regarding real-world uses of Linked Data techniques in enterprise settings.

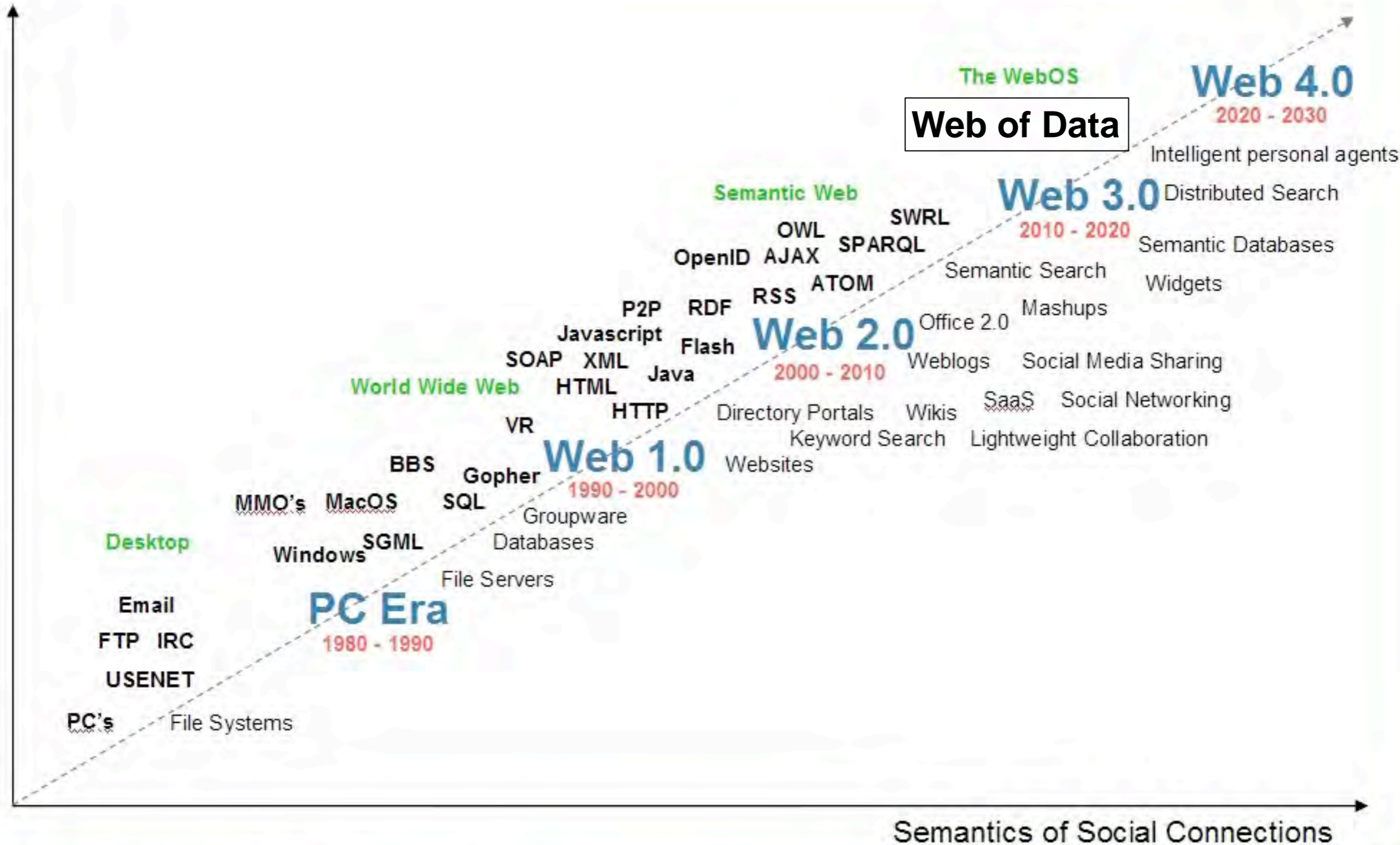




IT IS THAT EASY

Linked Data in Context: Web 3.0 and the Semantic Web

Semantics of Information Connections



Source: Radar Networks & Nova Spivack, 2007 – www.radarnetworks.com

The Web is about links ...

The Semantic Web is about
the relationships
implicit in those links

- Dan Brickley

Semantic
Technologies

Semantic
Web

LOD



data.nytimes.com

For the last 150 years, The New York Times has maintained one of the most authoritative news vocabularies ever developed. In 2009, we began to publish this vocabulary as linked open data.

The Data

As of 13 January 2010, The New York Times has published approximately 10,000 subject headings as linked open data under a CC BY license. We provide both RDF documents and a human-friendly HTML versions. The table below gives a breakdown of the various tag types and mapping strategies on data.nytimes.com.

Type	Manually Mapped Tags	Automatically Mapped Tags	Total
People	4,978	0	4,978
Organizations	1,489	1,592	3,081
Locations	1,910	0	1,910
			9,969

Browse individual data records:

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

SKOS Files

Download all of the data records as SKOS Files.

- [People](#)
- [Organizations](#)
- [Locations](#)



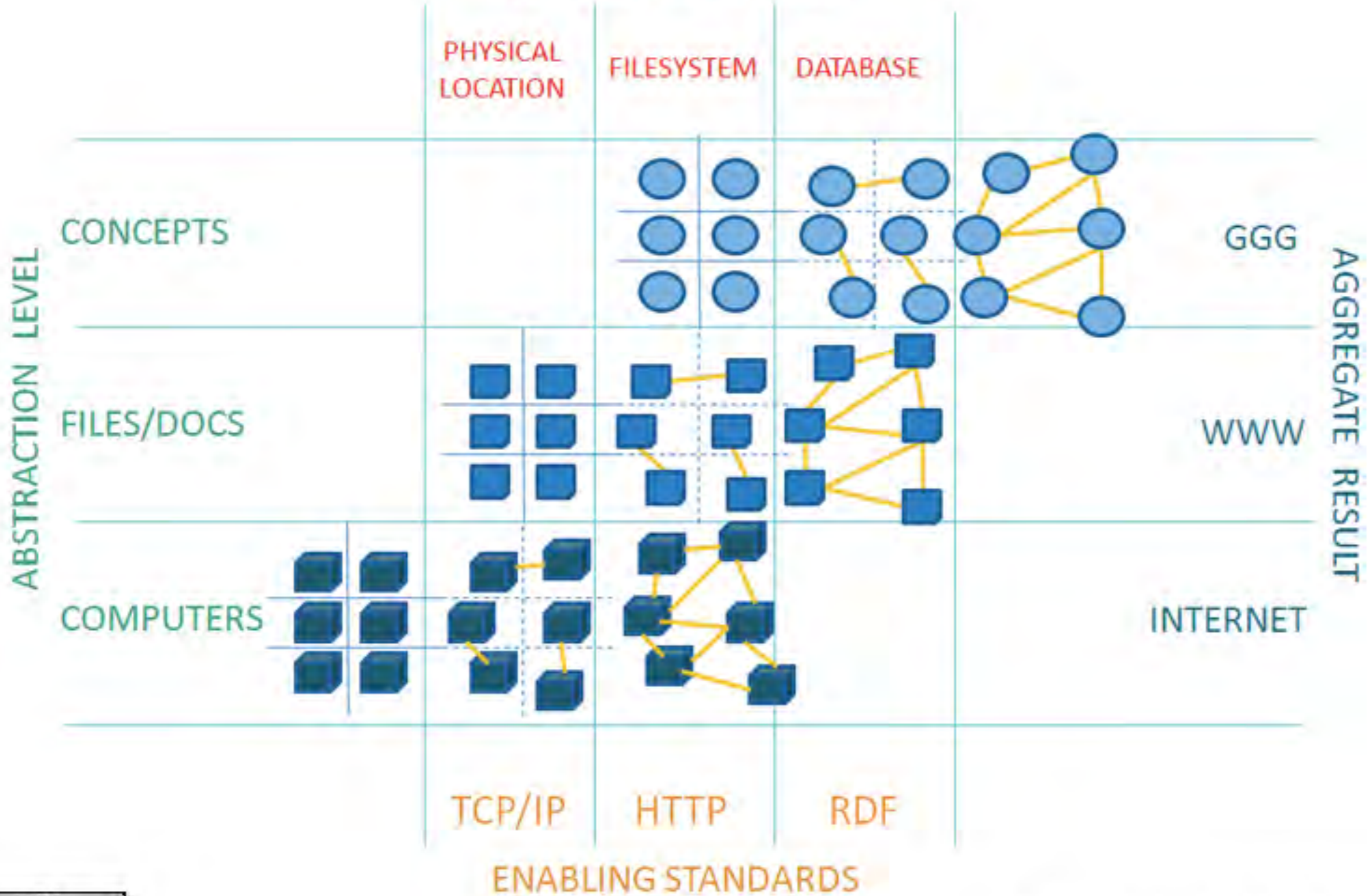
CRS - Contract Research Staff Database © Copyright 2004 Careers Advisory Service UOB

Staff ID: _____ Surname: _____ Postname: _____ Search Advanced Search Querys ?

Personal Details Contact

Person Info Staff ID: _____ Title: _____ Firstname: _____ Surname: _____ Salutation: _____ Gender: _____ Date of Birth: _____	Contact Info Address: _____ Postcode: _____ Phone: _____ Mobile: _____ Email: _____	UOB Info Department: _____ UOB Phone: _____ UOB Email: _____ Start Date: _____ Contract End: _____ In Service: _____ Date Left: _____
Post UOB Company: _____ Phone: _____ Email: _____	Address: _____ Postcode: _____	Extra How heard about Service: _____ Place on Contact Scheme: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No

BECOME IRRELEVANT



source: www.aldobucchi.com



Tim Berners-Lee's Rules for Linked Data

1. Use URIs as names for things
2. Use HTTP URIs so that people can look up those names
3. When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information, using the standards (RDF, SPARQL)
4. Include links to other URIs so that they can discover more things.



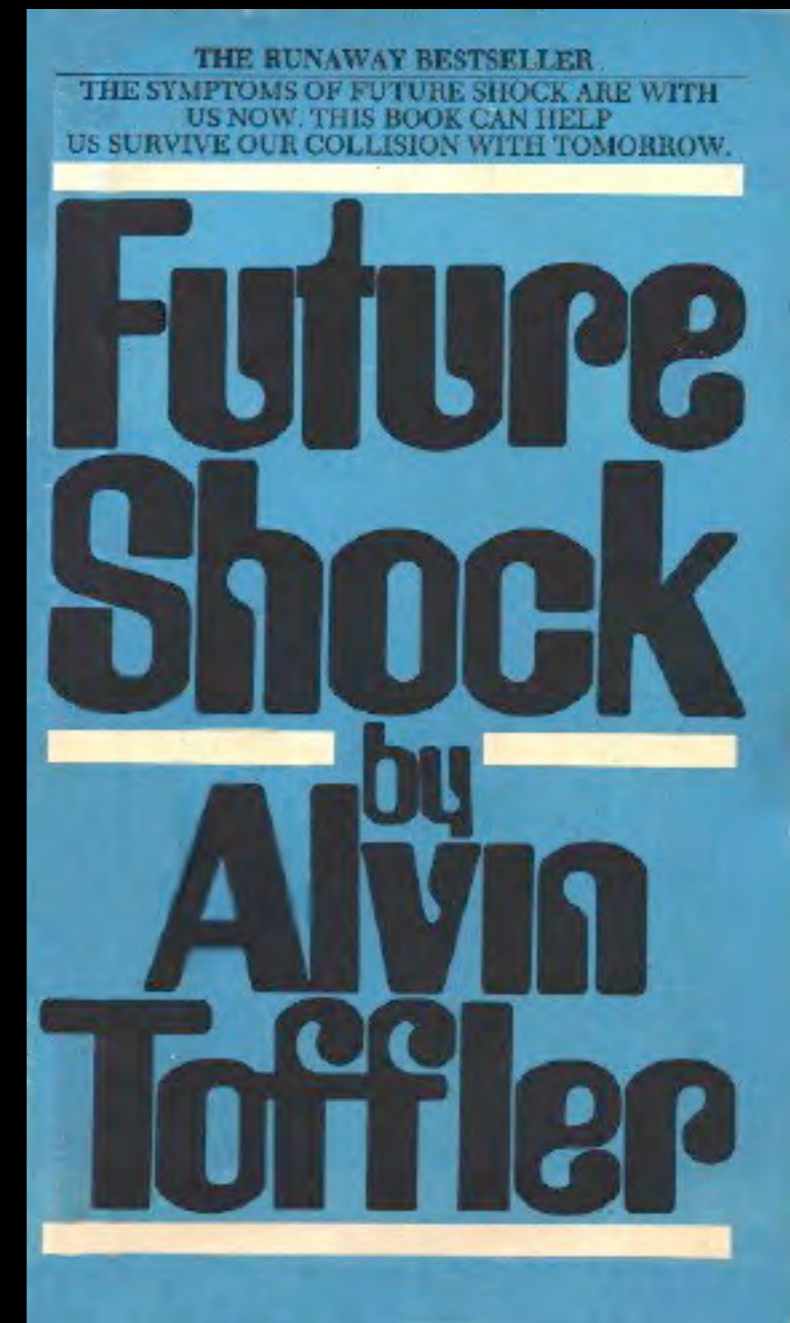
Data Inflation

- Megabyte (MB) = 2^{20}
- Gigabyte (GB) = 2^{30}
- Terabyte (TB) = 2^{40} 1,000GB
- Petabyte (PB) = 2^{50} 1,000TB
- Exabyte (EB) = 2^{60} or 1,000PB
- Zettabyte (ZB) = 2^{70} or 1,000EB
- Yottabyte (YB) = 2^{80} or 1,000ZB

Jeff Pollock, Oracle

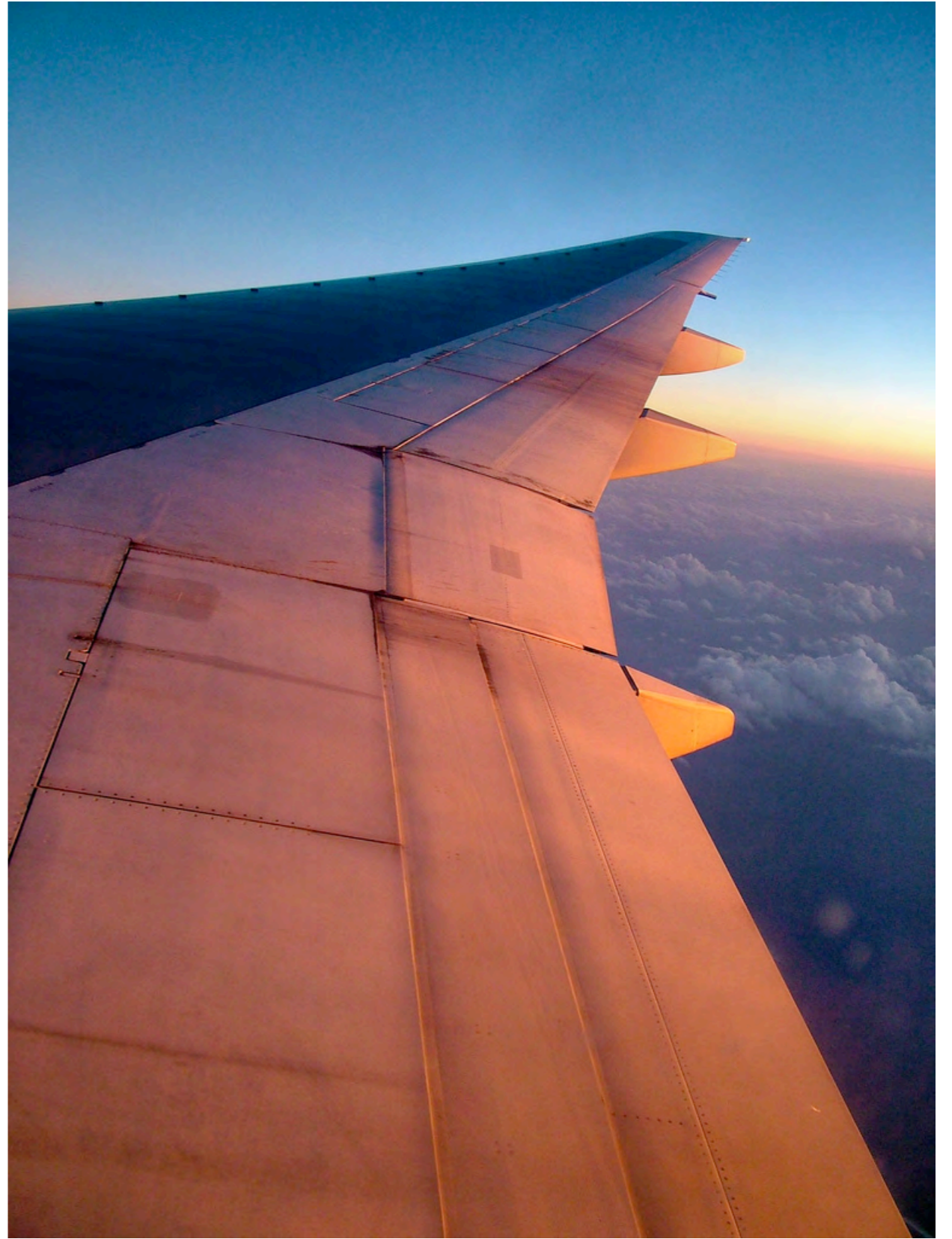
Businesses are in future shock

- Needs changing at faster pace
- M&A, new product categories, new regulations, changes in global economy accelerate needed changes.
- Information increasingly more central to the operation of any business.



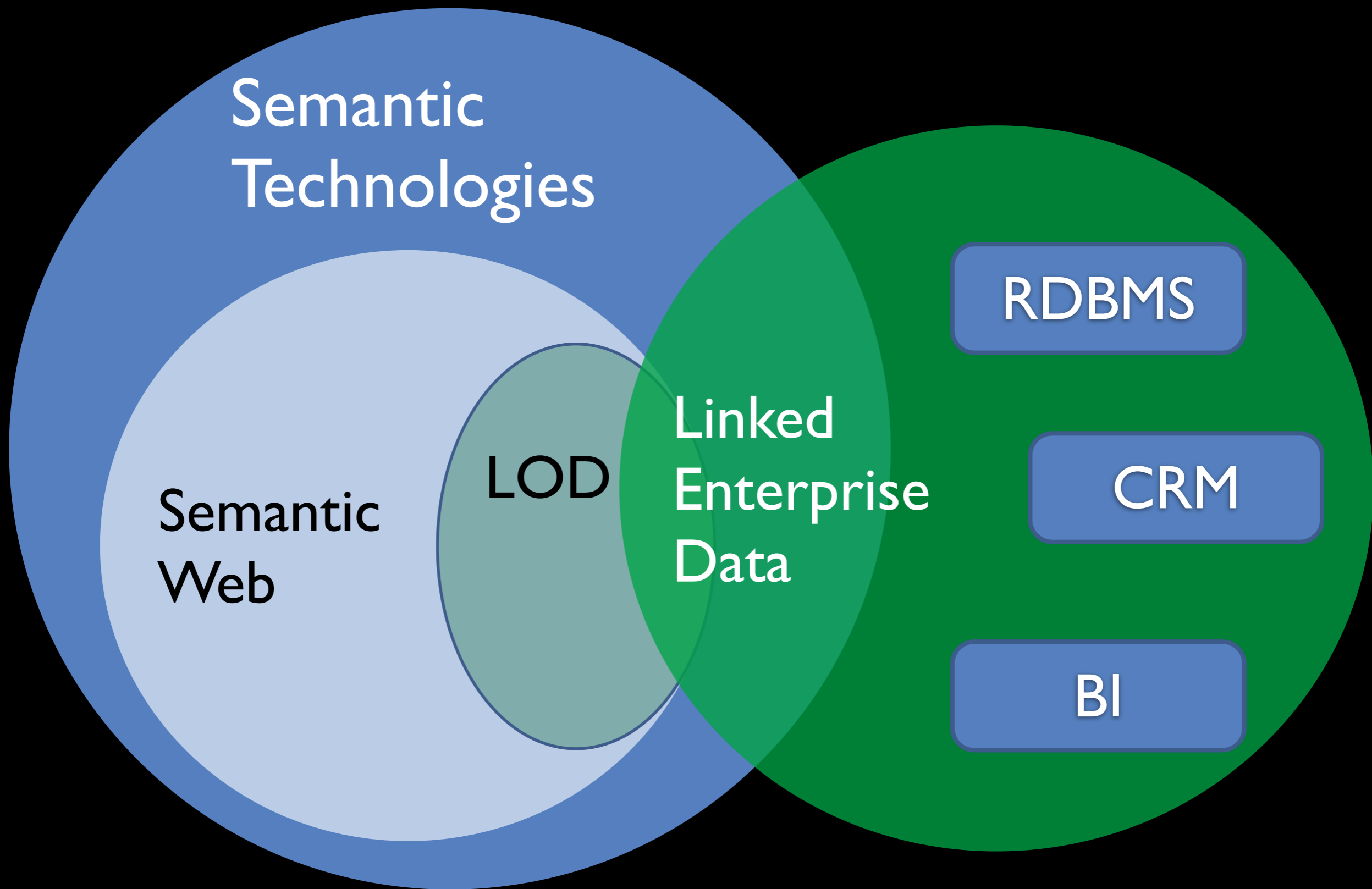
**"If information systems are to keep up with business,
we need to change more than technology -
we need to change how people deal with technology."
-- Jeff Pollock**







We can, however, bridge the gap.



MIXING private and public data?

MIXING private and public data?

Absolutely!

And it is really useful to do so!



Problems with TimBL's Rules

1. Use URIs as names for things
2. Use HTTP URIs so that people can look up those names
3. When someone looks up a URI, provide useful information, using the standards (RDF, SPARQL)
4. Include links to other URIs so that they can discover more things.

New Rules

- Require labels
- Require descriptions
- Reuse vocabularies whenever possible
- Always preserve provenance (e.g. seeAlso)
- Relate when possible (skos:sameAs, etc.)
- Plan for identifier persistence

New Rules

- useful info
 - Require labels
 - Require descriptions
- links/
schema
 - Reuse vocabularies whenever possible
 - Always preserve provenance (e.g. seeAlso)
- other
URIs
 - Relate when possible (skos:sameAs, etc.)
 - Plan for identifier persistence

The Real Deal

We have case studies from a variety of organizations.
Notice the **differences between them**:

- Broadcasting company
- Consumer service
- International organization
- Healthcare provider
- Publishing company
- Utility company
- Government department
- Open Source project

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